Period Three

Industrialization

- How goods are made- mechanization
- Two Phases (2nd phase steel, chemicals, electricity, precision machinery)
- Factory system → effects on gender, family structure, consumerism, specialization of labor, urbanization
- Export economies and urban centers (economic, demographic, social, cultural AND political shifts)
- Who is NOT industrializing? \rightarrow Ottomans, China, India, Egypt
- Who IS industrializing? → Western Euro, US but also .. JAPAN and RUSSIA
- Urban Reforms: school, working conditions, suffrage, public health
- New social classes: Urban workers, business owners (high/low middle class)

Imperialism

- White settler colonies vs. tropical dependencies
- Justification with racial ideologies Social Darwinism

<u>Nationalism and Revolution</u>

- Maroon societies, Boxer Rebellion
- Religious movements: Sioux Ghost Dance, Maji Maji Rebellion, Taiping Rebellion

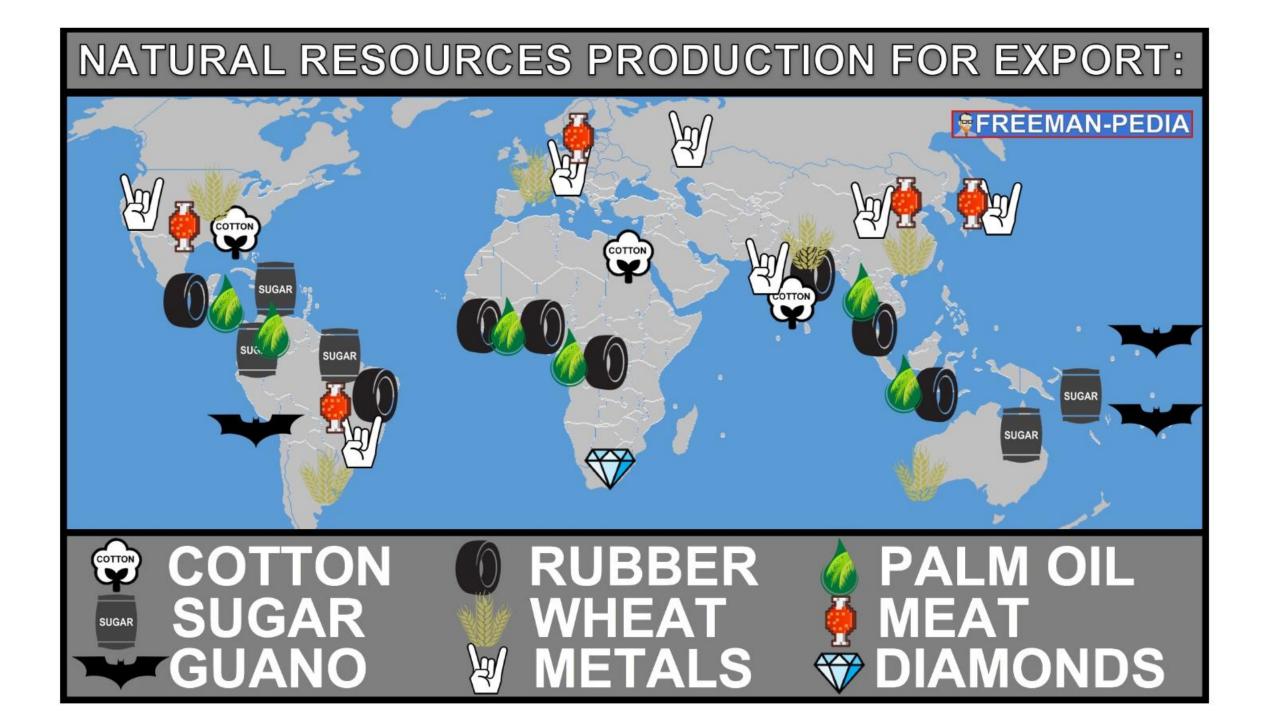
Ideas

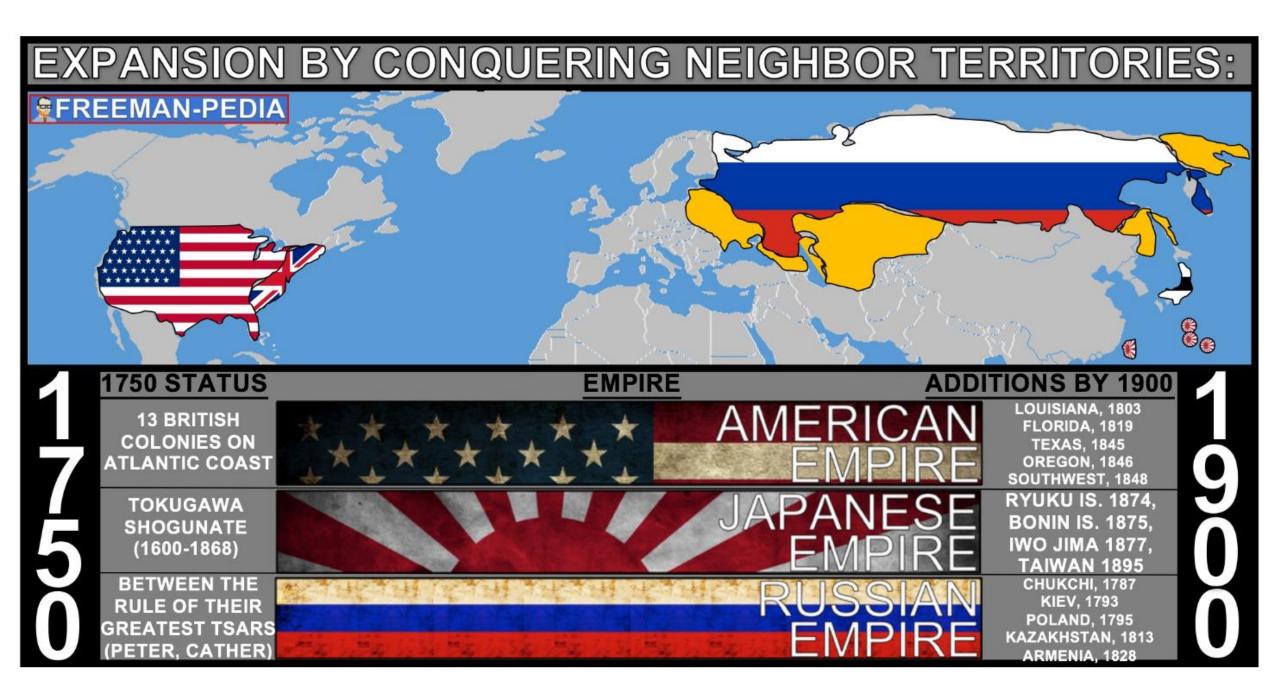
Rise of the nation-state: US, GM, IT, JP

Global Migrations

• Enclaves \rightarrow Anti-immigration movements







DIRECT RESISTANCE AND NEW STATES ON PERIPHERY

CHEROKEE NATION (1794-1907) LEGAL, AUTONOMOUS GOV'T RECOGNIZED BY THE USA. FORCIBLY MOVED IN 1838 (trail of teal

ZULU KINGDOM (1816-1897) KINGDOM IN SOUTHEAST SOUTH AFRICA FOUNDED BY SHAKA ZULU, THAT WAS LATER ABSORBED INTO SOUTH AFRICA. BALKAN INDEPENDENCE AS THE OTTOMAN EMPIRE DECLINED, TWELVE STATES EVENTUALLY FOUGHT/GAINED INDEPENDENCE INTO THE 20TH CE.

SEPOYS UNSUCCESS-FULLY REBELLED AGAINST BRITAIN

👮 FREEMAN-PEDIA

